Mr. Van B. read a point from the original compaint, that Mr. F. was fully persuaded, in making the charge at Philadelphia, that his charge was not well founded.

Mr. O'C. said it was so.

The Couri considered that it was against the eathlished practice for a party to read his own affidavit preparatory to reading that of the other side. The affidavit of a party cannot be introduced in his own atvor. If Mrs. F 's affidavit is read, and anything is shown which will require explanation from Mr. F 's affidavit, it may perhaps be given, but the counsel must begin by reading Mrs. F 's affidavit.

Mr. Van B. excepted. Mr. Van B. said he would read from the affidavit of Mrs. F. (of 20th Dec., 1850, first published at the time in the report of the proceedings in relation to injunction.

Mr. O'C. claimed that he must read the whole, except a slight irrelevant reservation.

Mr. Van B. did not propose to read all.

The Court said the rule is, that a party can read such part of the affidavit as he pleases, and the opposite nade can afterward read such parts as he pleases.

Mr. O'C. said he called for the whole, except what has been stated.

Mr. Van B. replied.

The Court said the effect is to be considered after-

Mr. Van B. replied.
The Court said the effect is to be considered afterward. It does not matter who reads it.
Mr. Van B. read a part, in which Mrs. F. said in reference to what happened, he said I said he had dways been affectionate, attentive and indulgenthe has been so to within two years of the Consuelo letter.

Another point: Mr. F. never found me standing be-

Interpoint: Mr. F. never found me standing between the knees of Mr. Jamieson, nor with his hands tween the knees of Mr. Jamieson, nor with his hands tween the knees of Mr. Jamieson, nor with his hands with the provided of Jamieson after Mr. F. found the Consuelo letter, there is that felicity as to Mr. J. and myself at Cincinnati or elsewhere; as to the allegation that I received visits from Jahre the Consuelo letter, there is this truth about it: we saw J. at Cincinnati, and he promised, in Mr. F. spresence, to bring me some music, when he came to New-York, and he called on me in 224-st., and it reacted him what he considered coolly; he can called on me but once; the first conversation between Mr. F. and myself as to the Consuelo letter, nor did Mr. F. find anything in it to show conduct—between Mr. F. and myself as to the Consuelo letter was ther. I never concealed the Consuelo letter and the conduct—between Mr. F. and myself as to the Consuelo letter with the contrained of the letter, and the manner and circumstances under which it was discovered.

Mr. Oo: contended that Mrs. Forrest's affidavit must first be disposed of; he has read parts calculated to do injustice, and has not read anything vet to show the necessity of a reference to Mr. F.'s affidavit.

Mr. Van H. and it was to be explanatory. He cited cases to show he as therety to to soo.

The Court thought the affidavit of Mrs. F. must first be disposed of; and that before any part is properly in testimory.

Mr. Van B. said the was to the explanatory. He cited cases to show he per pages some other parts—he whole of it, although he denied the right of the other ande to require the myself of the contrained myse

said he see to so himself, when Mr. F. so ke of getting the charge is untrue as to my being accustomed to intoxication. I never was so in my life; it is true Captain Calcrait, an old friend of my father's, called at the house—Mr. Raymend once or twice, was up one night, all might, with my suster. Mrs. Willis, and Richard Willis, but under justifiable circumstances—a whole night; what Mrs. Underwood and Garvey stated in their affidavits is not true; they never swore to it in a way that could be taken notice of—when they do it can be refuted; it is not true that the house was closed at 10 o'clock when Mr. F. was home; we had always been accustomed to very late hours; when I went to 16th st it was not finished; Mr. Stevens was the first who estered the hall; he has acted against me and my sisters, and been Mr Forrest's instrument; the course of Mr. F. toward me was sot that of an honorable man toward a guilty wife; he made me in every way subservient to his pleasure and convenience, as to Mr. Magoon, I consider him a pare-minded Christian, what he states as to my saying Mr. F. and myself lived as brother and after was misunderstood; did not suppose he would have believed me capable of so immodest and unbecoming a communication which he has attributed to me; I said to Mr. M. that sometimes Mr. F. was morose, sometimes affectionate, and frequently treated me more like a sister than a wife; my present course of life is not prodigal, nor reckless, nor do I give expensive entertainments to any persons, or receive or entertain any person or persons of loose or degraded character, as Mr. Forrest untruly alleges; the charges of keeping unworthy company, and of evil abits and character, made against my sister Margaret, by Mr. Forrest, are wholly untrue; she has been a chorister in one of the Episcopal churches for

charges of keeping unworthy company, and of evil habits and character, made against my sister Margarith, by Mr. Forrest, are wholly untrue, she has been a chorister in one of the Episcopal churches for street years past.

Mr. N. P. Willis was introduced to my acquaintance by Mr. Forrest, in 1838, and the acquaintance continued thenceforward. "the most friendly relations appeared always to subsist between Mr. Forrest and Mr. Willis 1 never heard a murmur against Mr. W. from Mr. F. until the summer of 1849, after our separation, when Mr. Forrest expressed to me his dissanisfaction with some article published by Mr. W. in his paper about the Astorplace note, and about Mr. Forrest's cispute with Mr. Macready. I never heard that Mr. F. suspected or charged any impropriety between Mr. Matready and that it had been said she stated that to be the cause of her separation, she knows no cause of the separation except her contradicting him in regard to his remark about her sister. "We certainly had serious differences about Mr. Forrest's conduct toward Mr. Macready 's says she disapproved of his hissing Mr. M. at Edinburgh, and disapproved of the manner he spoke of Mr. M. prior to M.'s arrival in this country in 1838; had objected to Mr. F.'s habit of stating on all occasions his determination to drive Mr. M. from the stage. Mr. F. became angry with me about it, as he attributed it to my English keling. I assured him it was not so: "when, however, Mr. Macready made a speech which conveyed to my mind an insult to my husband, I felt as a wife most anxious that he should resent it."

I never advised him to any violence against Mr. M. ** "If I had imputed our separation to the Macready controversy, it is not certain that I should have done Mr. Forrest any injustice." says there were other causes.—had reason to believe him in correspondence with a woman of respectable connections, but of bad reputation, spoke of his disposition being at times sullen and morose after their return from England in 1846; Mrs F. denied some statemen

sister Margaret.

Other matters are alluded to as to her finally employing counsel, &c., but the above is a notice of the most material points.

Another affidavit of Mrs. F. spoke of an occasion. (leth Jan. 1892), in which she returned from a party at her sister's. Mr. F. was in his library, he said said she was more attached to her sister than to him, and spoke of her sister in reproachful terms. In reply to one of his remarks, she gave to him a direct contraction, and used a term which she admits to have been improper. He rose from his seat, and said to man should so address him and live, and that he would not live with any woman that drd so. This

was at house No. 284 Second-st. They continued to reside together the ein, and to cohaout as man and wife until 28th April, same year. Says, Janieson, several months before, had handed to her a letter, without signature, containing romantic language, and verses addressed to "Consueto." She had no suspicion of any impropriety therein, nor did she open it in presence of said Jamieson, prior to several days after 18th January, 1849, it had been laid in a drawer, from August, 1848, which was generally unlocked, and when locked could always be opened by a key carnet by said Edwin Forrest, she saw Mr. F. that morniar send a letter to New Orleans, directed to Mr. George Jamieson, New-Orleans; her attention being called to the circumstance, she looked for and missed said letter, after dinner, Mr. F. called her into his library, unlocked his drawer, and took from it said Consuelo letter, expressed himself with vehemence and anger, and censured her for keeping it, but did not at that time, nor at any other time previous to December, 1849, evince the slightest pealousy of her, or any doubt of her purity or chastity, and she confidently believes he has never (to the time of the affidavit) entertained the least doubt or suspicion of her chastity; she can prove that Mr. Lawson said Mr. Forrest said to him (said L.) that there was no crime on her part, and he wished to God that there was: the affidavit refers to their separation, her residing in 16th-st. Mr. F. meeting her in the street near the house and finding fault with her: said to her why don'tyou die!" &c., speaks of Mr. F. entering proceedings against her in Pennsylvania for divorce, and says that "since her marriage to the said Edwin Forrest she hath ever been a true, chaste and faithful wife unto him," &c. The affidavit is on the application to restrain Mr. F. from entering the proceedings at Pennsylvania. The complaint of Mrs. F. in the present case, charging Mr. F. with adultery as to several females named, was, previously to latter, read. The Court then asked the

adjourn."
Mr. Van B. said he wished the Court would permit him to read a part of the affidavit of Mr. Forrest, in relation to the Consuelo letter. Mr. O'C. objected; he contended that Mr. Van B. had no right to read the affidavit, or state it, unless there should be some point in the affidavit of Mrs. F. which is not inteligible without. The affidavit of Mr. F. should not be read. If the counsel will place his client on the stand so that we can examine him, it will be a different matter.

stand so that we can examine him, it will be a different matter.

Mr. Van B. said the affidavit of Mrs. F. has been read in part by the plaintiff; he thought it proper to give that on the other side, as a matter of statement between the parties; there appeared to be great sensitiveness on that point, by the other side. He contended that the whole of the affidavit of Mr. F. should be admitted.

The Judge said the question presents a new feature, and he will consider in relation to it. He will asknowledge he is perfectly exhausted, and is glad of the little recess. He will give a decision on Friday norning. The Court then adjourned to that time.

Receipts of Produce.

Reccipts of Froduce.

By Eric Railroad—Dec. 31—No receipts to-day in consequence of the log.

By New Haven Railroad—Dec. 31.—750 bush. Oats, 29 biss Beef. 265 do. Butter, 55 do Poultry, 533 do. Cheese, 513 bbls. Whisky, 4 do. Aic. 236 Hogs 64 bales Hops, 536 bags Wheat, 1 329 bbls. and 236 bags Flour, 15 casks Ashes 7 bales Wool, 42 bars Iron, 926 sides and 114 rolls Leather,

N PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is here-by given to all persons having claims against ROBERT S. HALSEY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subshriber, at her residence, No 105 Third-av., in the City of New-York, on by hefore the fourteeenth day of June next.— Daved New-York, the eleventh day of December, 1851. d12 law6mF* MARGARET HALSEY, Adm'trix.

UPREME COURT—LEVI'S. CHATFIELD, Attorney General of the State of New York,
acainst THE PRESIDENT, DIRECTORS AND COMPANY OF THE CANAL BANK OF ALBANY.—In
pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of the State of
New-York, made on the twenty-eighth day of May, 1834,
the undersigned, Receiver of the Canal Bank of Albany,
hereby gives notice to the holders of the outstanding circulating notes or bills of the said Canal Bank, and to the persons holding the certificates given by the undersigned as
such Receiver for the balance remaining unpaid on notes or
bills surrendered on receiving the first dividend lof sixty
per cent. that they are required to present the said notes or
bills and certificates for payment to the said Receiver, at his
office in the City of Albany, within two years from the date
of this notice, or in default thereof that they will be precluded
from the benefit of the fund provided for the payment of the
said notes or bills and certificates, and from all claim by
reason of holding the same, and that the said fund will be
dispected of under the direction of the said Court for the
benefit of the other creditors of the said Canal Bank, in
such manner as may be hereafter determined. For the
greater convenience of those holding the said bills and certificates, the Receiver has made arrangements by which the
same will also be paid on presentation to the Commercial
Bank in this city.—Albany, June 1, 1859.

10 TICE is hereby given to all creditors

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors having claims against CHARLES A. WILLIAM-SON, deceased, formerly of Geneva, Ontario County, that they are required to exhibit such claims with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office in the Village of Geneva, in the County of Ontario, on or before the twelfth day of Kebruary next.—Dated Geneva, 28th July, 1831.

Sul law@mF JAMES H. WOODS, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby even to all persons having claims against ABAM WALK-ER, late of the city of New-York, merchant, deceased, to pre-sent the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his store, No. 333 Grand-street, in the city of New-York, on or before the Thirteenth day of January next.—Bated, New-York, the 10th day of July, 1851. 1911 law6mF* ADAM WALKER, Executor.

BROOKLYN FIRE INSURANCE CHARTERED IN 1924.

Offices, 43 Fulton, upper cor. of Front-st., Brooklyn, and No. 6 Merchants' Exchange, Wall-st., N. Y.

This Company, having their capital invested in the most nadoubted securities, and having a surplus of \$39,000, continue to insure dwelling-houses, stores and other buildings, furniture, merchandise, vessels in port and their cargoes, upon as favorable terms as any similar institutions.

DIREC	TORS.
William Ellsworth,	John Radie, Jr.,
Phineas T. Barnum	Joel S. Oatman,
Daniel D. Howard,	Robert C. Bell,
Caleb S. Woodhull,	John N. Genta,
Charles T. Cromwell,	Alex. H. Schultz,
Anastatius Nicholas,	John D. Pye,
Richard L. Allen.	Henry Quackenbess,
William Miles.	Justus S. Redfield,
Elijah F. Purdy.	John W. Amerman,
Sam I P. Townsand,	Fordyce Hitchcock.
	C. Smith.

WILLIAM ELLSWORTH, President.
ALFRED G. STEVENS, Secretary. n33mM&F EMIGRANT INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS' BANK, No. 51 CHAMBERS-ST.—This
Institution has been established for the purpose of affording to Emigrants, and others, a safe place of deposit for
their funds, to protect them from robbery and fraud.

It is conducted with the strictest economy—neither the
Officers, nor Trustees, receive any compensation for their
services. The entire profits belong to the Depositors, and
will be divided among them, having due regard to the
sufety of their funds.

The last dividend was six per cent, upon all sums less
than \$500, and will be continued or increased as the profits
may justify.

nay justify.

Hank open to receive Deposits, daily, from 9 to 3, and from 5 to 7 P. M.

Drafts paid from 5 to 7 P. M. only, Dratts paid from 5 to 7 P. M. only,
TRUSTEES.

John Nicholson. Charles O'Conor, Andrew Carrigan,
Faming C. Tucker, Chas. M. Connolly, James Mathews,
James Kerrigen, James Oiwell, John Mibau,
Felix Ingoldsby. Daniel Devin. John P. Nesmith,
William Watson, William Redmond, Edward W. Tiers,
Terence Donnely, Peter A. Hargous, Louis B. Binsse,
Hugh Kelly, Joseph Stuart,
John Mahmung, Martin Waters,
John Mahmung, James Kelly,
Gregory Dulon.

GREGORY DILLON, President.
JOSEPH STUART, First Vice President.
FANNING C. TUCKER, Treasurer.
PETER CRERAR, Accountant.
N. B.—Depositors are informed that deposits made on
or before the 5th day of January next, will be entitled to
interest from 1st January.

THE MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH be-THE MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH between NEW-YORK, PHILADSLPHIA, BALTI-MORE and WASHINGTON. New-York Office corner of HANOVER and BEAVES STS, rear of the Exchange. The PIONEER LINE, with four wires from Washington to New-York, having effices at New-York, Jersey City, Newark, New-Brunswick, Princeton, Trenton, Philadelphia, Withmangton, Havre do Grace, Baltimore and Washington City, and connecting with all the Great Morse Lines, East, West, North and South. This Company having lately made extensive repairs of the line, greatly increased its facilities, and more thoroughly systematiced its business in the transmission and mode of delivery of measures in the transmission and mode of delivery of measures in the public, with an accuracy, promptiness and fidelity interest unequalled. The telegraphing business of the public, with an accuracy, promptiness and fidelity interest unequalled. The telegraphing business of the public is, therefore, respectfully solicited, at the office, corner of Hanover and Beaver sts.

[27] IMMAR ENCLINES of SALE P. Onco.

STEAM ENGINES for SALE .- One TFAM F.NGINES for SALE.—Une
Hormontal Engine, crimder 14 inches diameter and
3 feet 9 inch stroke, with 16 feet flywheel in segments, with
three Cylinder Bodiers, 2 feet 10 inches diameter and 12 feet
long, with Cross Bodier 30 inches diameter and 12 feet
long, with Furnace, front Grate Bars and connections, all
in fast rate worsing order; one Horizontal Engine, 5-inch
cylinder and 15 inch stroke, with Locometive Betier; one
various Engine, 5-mot cylinder, 16-inch stroke, with Vertical Tubular Bodiers, all in good working order; one new
6-horse Engine, 6- inch cylinder and 20 inch stroke. Apply to W.AETHUR & CO., Atlantic Steam Engine Works,
corner of Water and Adams sts., Brooking, N. Y.
d79 JMWAP*

A LPHONSE BRETT would respect-A fully inform his friends and the public that, having an unrivalled corps of artists in his exclusive employ, he is prepared to execute promptly all orders for any of the most elaborate and rich designs in Cromo-Lithography, such as Title Pares, Blustrations, Ornamental Designs, Music Titles &c. &c. The attention of publishers, druggists, and perfamers is especially invited to this new and beautiful style of colored printing. Orders from any part of the United States will receive prompt attention. Establishment No. 169 Chestaut et., above 5th, Philadelphia. ds imMWRF* EMIGRATION-ISSI.

Table showing the Arrivals of Aliens, and from

what Countries, at this Port in 1851. We have compiled the following table of arrivals for 1850-51 from the books in the office of the Commissioners of Emigration. The totals do not agree with the details in some of the columns, but the aggregates are believed to be correct. A revision of the books may show some unimportant

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The largest number of passengers ever brought to this port in a single vessel, was 958 in the Washington, March 31. The following are all the loads of more than 800 : Constellation, Sept. 5. 931 Constellation, June 3. 922
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 Washington, Nov 26
 881

 Great Western, Sept 9
 863

 Saratoga, Nov 24
 847

 Albert Gallatin, April 18
 840

 Guy Monnering, June 16
 817
 Isaac Webb. Sept. 9.....

HOLIDAY PRESENTS .- Something substantial in Men's and Boys Clothing —We are closing out our stock of Clothing and Under Garments, consisting of fine Overceaus, Fly Sacks, Frock Coats, Black and Fancy Casamere Pants, Vests, Shirts Drawers, &c. cheap for cashdips MWXFA BOUGHTON & KNAPP, No.33 Maidea-lane

FOR SALE-The two story and attic House with Lot. No. 58 South 8th et., Williamsburgh, all in good order, with gas introduced. Size of lot 25 by 100 ieet. \$3,600 can remain on bond and mortgage for three rears. Apply to E. H. ENSIGN, No. 50 Aun et. New-York.

N PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrocate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MATTHIAS L. ANDERSON, late of the City of New-York, Baker, decessed, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the Subscriber, at his Store, No. 400 Grand-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the twenty-eighth day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 331 day of July, 1831.

1925 lawfomF* NATHAN RAYNOR, Administrator.

Even the very Hairs of your head are numbered.

A NDERSON'S RESTORATIVE and PRESERVATIVE, or GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY FOR THE HAIR.—For restoring the Hair, preventing it from falling off, et uraning gray, and caring nervous head-ache. The above article is producing a complete revolution throughout the Union, by the improved appearance of the people that have used it; being free from oils or poisons mineral drugs, it is recommended by the first Physicians as a standard remedy. Manufactured solely by WM. ANDERSON, New-London, Ct., and for sale by Charles H. Ring, corner of Broadway and Jehn-st., J. Minora Ce., No. 214 Fulton-st., Dr. Smith, No. 53 West Broadway, T. Richards, corner of Gold and Ann-sts., Deitz & Ce. Broadway, opposite the Astor-House, A. Lyons, No. 330 Pearl-st., Mrs. Hayes, No. 175 Fulton-st., and T. W. Wood, No. 309 Fulton-st. Brooklyn. ol Pawim WRS.

By Telegraph to the New-York Tribune.

SW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNG BRIDAY

The Canal Awards.
ALBANY, Wednesday, Dec. 31, 1851.
The Canal Awards have been made public, and the contracts are now being signed. List of awards quite lengthy. J. T. E.

French Affairs and the U. S.J Government-Official Communication from the French Min-ister-Attempted Explanation of Louis Napoleon's Position.
Washington, Wednesday, Dec. 31, 1851.

The Intelligencer says that his Excellency, the Minister from France, called yesterday at the Department of State, by direction of his Government, to efficially announce that the President of the French Republic had adopted the great measure for the public safety; that the Chief of the State owed it to 6,000,000 Frenchmen who had elected him, and to the world, which had received his nomination as a new erajof tranquility for France, to preserve her from a revolution, of which the world might feel the recoil; that strong in his consciousness of patriotic intentions in repelling the dangers which threaten France and Europe without end, he invited the nation to a free choice of a firm and durable government-that he appealed to the suffrage of all in a moment so solemn to his country, and thought that this appeal ought to enlighten Europe and the world in regard

The Independence sailed Tuesday afternoon for Chagres, with 351 passengers.

XXXIId CONGRESS First Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Below will be found the conclusion o Tuesday's proceedings in the House, the ques tion of the reception of Kossuth being before that body :

Below will be found the conclusion of the preception of Kossuth being before that body:

Two other amendments were then proposed, one of which was for the speaker to wait upon Kossuth to the fore of which was for the Speaker to wait upon Kossuth to the fore of the House and another to alter the thrule so as to admit Kossuth to the fore of the House and the Speaker to wait upon Kossuth to the fore of the House and the Speaker to wait upon Kossuth to the Speaker be authorized to invite Louis Kossuth to the Speaker be authorized to invite Louis Kossuth to the Speaker be authorized to invite Louis Kossuth to the Speaker be authorized to invite Louis Kossuth to the warmly expressed his dissent to such interesting the wrongs of Pelaad. Higher the Louis Kossuth and the Speaker of the Speaker of

and when Kossuth shall read his speech, if he should condescend to do so, he would see that however we may open our hearts, it is only sympathy and in compliment, and that we presented our bright example to the world for imitation, and nothing more.

Mr. Giddings said that they could bring forward no business of importance without discussing other matters. Most heartily did he accord with the gentleman from New-York, as to the tribute of respect to Kossuth; but why should that gentleman arraign him before the House, when he [Mr. Giddings] has not occupied the attention of the Committee for one moment. We may scorn that higher power, but that law is now operating, and the gentleman will demoment. We may scora that higher power, but that law is now operating, and the gentleman will descend to the charnel house of pointical apostates.—
When this subject shall come before the House, he [Mr. Giddings] would give his views on the subject of peace and war. He never suppressed his sentiments, but he now desired that the resolution might be brought to a vote. He was desirous of paying to Kossuth the compliment of admiration and respect, and was desirous that the House should do it. He had no idea of involving this nation in war—not in the least.

Mr. Richardson could not see any difference be-Mr. Richardson could not see any difference between the amendments now pending. Neither of them pledged the House to anything. For that reason he was willing to yote for either of them; he was unwilling to go any further. He concurred in the sentiment that we should not commit this country in a war with any people. If our country must be involved in a war, it should be on our own account. He repeated, he was willing to extend hospitalities to Kossuth, but not to Kossuth's policy.

Mr Baylly, of Va., did not regard the resolution as committing this Government to the doctrine which Kossuth propagates. If he so regarded it, it would receive from him all the condemnation which he was capable of giving it. If this Government should connect itself with the principles proposed, it would commit us to a policy which would destroy our own liberty in a short period of time. He then proceeded to speak of Kotekiusko, who had battled for our liberties, and who did not receive from us honors similar to those now designed for Kossuth, giving to the former a higher claim to our respect; but he would not contrast Koschiusko with Kossuth, because of his respect for the dead. He wished to say that, from an intimate association with members of the two Houses, he did not believe there were twenty member prepared to sanction the occurring of Kossuth, with regard to intervention If so, those who are carried away by the enthusiasm running through Mr. Bayly, of Va., did not regard the resolution a suth, with regard to intervention it so, takes who are carried away by the enthusiasm running through the land should pause, as he did not believe nineteentwentieths of the people approved of the doctrine. If he could have his own way, there should be a distinct understanding, and Kossuth told in language not to be mistaken, that this Government has no idea in involving this country in the policy which he propagates.

propagates.
Mr. Marshall, of Kentucky, alluded to the remark

mr. Marshall, of Kentucky, aliuded to the remark that the resolution was not designed to open the Hail for a harangue, but he had seen it stated in the papers that Kossuth had retired to prepare a speech for delivery before Congress. He did not see how the man could look at the portrait of Washington, and then listen to the doctrines which Kossuth avows without abnorrence. Have we fallen so low as this, as to extend to him a compliment never before bestowed to any, except our aliy, La Fayette! He was willing to act in his private capacity, out this sacred Hall, where gentlemen assembled for legislative purposes, he was not willing to turn into a school house, to listen to lessons of wisdom from Louis Kossuth or any body else.

Mr. INGERSOLL said he had spent a considerable portion of time in the dominions of the Northern power, whose troops had crushed the hopes of Hungary, and sent her leader into foreign lands. He had witnessed her struggle and defeat—a temporary one, he trusted—but, knowing what he did of the struggle, he should be unworthy of his seat in this body—knowing, too, the wishes of the people he represents—could he he state one moment as to a vote on this resolution. But this was not the occasion to go into the history of the Hungarian war. The time for speaking has gone—the time for action has arrived. This incirridual is in our country—he is in our doors. Shail we wound him in the house of his friends? In giving his vote, he wished to be understood as being

opposed, in common with other gentiemen, to interference with the affairs of Europe, for he had vie well with alarm the men who surround Kossuth, and if we commenced interference with foreign States, the ground will afterward be claimed to interfere with the affairs of our own country. He placed nimself on the platform of non-intervention. But it seemed that good faith, to say nothing of humanity, requires the passage of the resolution.

Mr. Gentray, while he was opposed to interfering with the affairs of foreign nations, was in favor of extending suitable respect to Kossuth. He would not, however, admit that we were afraid. A ship was sent for him, and he is here, regarding himself, in some sort, as the nation's guest. Let Kossuth speak as much as he pleased. He was willing that Kossuth should address the people in every Congressional district, and if after that the people should depart from our uniform line of policy, and thereby overturn the Government, it would argue that our institutions were based on a false foundation. Louis Kossuth may have the entire rabble of New-York, and with them all unprincipled demagogues with their huzzas at his heels, and who may say they are ready to do anything. But those people never did anything of value, and never-would. However, let Kossuth speak. Who's afraid' (Laughter) If you have surplus funds, fork over. We are rich and liberal, and can afford such depletion. He regarded this as a question of civility and courtesy which involved nothing beyond that There ought to have been no debate or argument about it.

Mr. Stephens, of Ga., replied to some portions of Mr. Gentry's speech, and said that Kossuth wanted armed intervention. If we extend the privilege of the floor to Kossuth, it will be to some extent an evidence of the approbation of the principle. What have we seen here to-day' (he asked.) an American Congress, sworn to support the Constitution, riding over the rules made in accordance with that instrument. One of the rules were over-ridden to-day. Poor defenders of

nve children, J. P. Luelling, D. Page, E. Merreil, John Berry, John Newby, Henry Eddy, Henry J. Rice, Geo. Hall, M. Joseph, H. J. Struffer, Antome Seber, G. R. Curtis, John Akins, A. Morgan, Henry Bower, John Harris, John W. Davis, W. H. Lewis, James Jones, S. Morgan, H. Evans, J. Evans, R. Evans, Margaret Evans, W. P. Trever, M. Harris, Elizabeth Beldin, and three children, Jos Belden, Tabia Beiden, S. Manning, M. O. Brien, Mra. Gole, E. Sampson, E. W. Chace, J. H. Hubbart, R. Hull, S. Ciark, W. J. Andrews, J. Donabue, J. Clark, John Bell, Mrs. Leod and & children, J. Hesseleion, W. A. Green, E. G. Chick, J. D. Blodget, Henry Algers, D. Thomas, James Rich, W. Isanes, J. A. Brown, John E. Woodis, B. Lazelle, Mr. Harrington, O. Ergrieston, James Skidmore, P. Jones, Samuel Lissack, F. Bickenbick, L., Windson, Jas. Cunningham, Edward Cunningham, M. O. Olver, John C. Pilcher, A. Quimby, W. Barre, W. Lee, C. A. McLean, J. Lee, J. Harding, Mr. Fitch, S. F. Heedly, John Connell, E. sacPaning, John Weish, John McChusky, S. B. Steel, R. Goung, F. G. Kitteredge, James Austin, John Heivey Crooks, Geo. W. Procter, T. Gay, Geo. Deal, J. W. Duncan, B. Film, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James Walters, E. P. Goodnow, Indy and four children, James McCusky, John T. Burnham, Mass Burnham, J. J. Alcove, Miss Alcove, Edward A. Hove, S. T. Hardy, E. P. Ornabe and lady, J. B. Marcy, E. Marcy, John C. Lumay, E. B. Forte, L. M. Elwards, Mrs. Edwards, Muss Edwards, Mosec Weish, James O'Connor, Mrs. O'Connor, Miss Durand, Samuel Wentworth and chile, David C. Emmet, James C. Spaulding, E. M. Boyd, M. N. Cogley, John C. Lessack, George J. Massi, and friend, James Maynord, Miss Maynard, John Melley

On or about the first of January, the Light Ship off Stratford Peint will be taken into port for repairs, and will be
replaced on her station about the middle of February, of
which due notice will be given.

The Providence Post says the Dolphins on Bullock's and
Commingua Points, in the river, have been carried away by
the ice.

Comminicut Points, in the river, have been carried away by the ice.

Hydrographic Office, Admirality, Dec. 1, 1851.

North Coast of France.—Two Fixed Lights at the Mouth of the River Canche in the Buy of Elaptics—The French Government has given notice that on the 1st Jun., 1852, the two Fixed Lights which have been some time preparing at the mouth of the River Canche will be shown. These Lights being 270 yards and to the bearing of North and South, (tirue,) will everywhere appear distinct from each other within the limits of their rance.

The Southernmost of these Lights stands in lat. 56 31 25 N, long. 1 35 40 E from Greenwich, and both being 74 feet above the light water level, will be visible at the distance of 20 miles.

The above Lights will supercede the two small Lights on Tonquet Point, which will therefore be discontinued from this period.

Whalers.

At anchor off Cape Olivia, Ochotsk Sea, Aug. 13th, ship
Ben) Rush, Swan, Warren, 680 sp. 1,260 wh.
At Tombez about Oct. 15, Rebecca Sms. Jarnegan, N.B.,
100 sp. bound on a cruise; Leonidas, Clark, N.B., 12 mes.
101, 198 sp. bound on a cruise. Sailed from do. Sept. 15,
Mercuy, N.B., 1500 sp., to cruise; Valparaiso. Clereland,
N.B., 1600 sp., do.; Superior, Luce, N.B., 800 sp., do.;
Harvest Thee, Nant 1,500 sp., do.; Catabaa, Nant, 1200
sp., do.; R. Edwards, Luce, (or Burgess) N.B., 400 sp., do.;
Stalina, Coon, N.B., 1,500 sp., do.; Ontario, Nant, 11 mos.,
150 sp., do.

Stating Coon, N.B., 1300ap., do; Oniario, Nant, 11 mos., 150 ap., do
Heard from, no date, Abm. Barker, Norton N.B., 17 mos. out. 1700 bbls. whale, 2,200 bone; Stephania, Terry, N.B., 13 mos., 3 wh.

In the Arctic Goear, Sept. 22, Saratoga, Harding, N.B., 1nd taken 100 bbls. this season, and wasted 400 more to fall up for home. Preveous accounts reported her at anchor in Benring Straits, clean, July 24, consequently the early reports of the bad success of whalers this season may with the materially channed.

10 Chotoski Ses. Sept. 1, Jeannette, West, N.B., 13 mos., oil not stated.

Spoken—Nov. 11, Int. 23 N., Ion. 122 W., Ocean, Swift, of Providence, R. I., 14 months out, 1,000 bbls. whale oil, 14,500 lbs. bone.

No date, off Olenski Island, Jefferson, S. H., 15 mos., 1,000 wh. 2,000 bone bound on a cruise; Oct. 19, lat. 59 20, 1,000 wh. 2,000 bone bound on a cruise; Oct. 19, lat. 59 20, N., Ion. 16 99, in Ochotak Sea, Sheffield, Royce, of Cold Soring, had taken 1,000 bbls. whale stace leaving Hong-Kong.

Emigrant Intelligence Office and Labor
Eschange, 25 and 27 Canal-st., New-Tork.—This office is
established by the Commissioners of Emigration, where can
always be found large numbers of Laborers and servants at
very low rates of wages, and persons can have their orders
filled by writing to the Superintendent, and sending the
amount accessive heart the passage of the parties required.

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BOARD.-A Gentleman and his Wife,

and two or three single Gentleman, can be accom-medated with neat rooms and full board at 86 Warren-st d21 2w MW&F* PEOPLE'S BANK of PATERSON. PEOPLE'S BANK of PATERSON.—
In pursuance of an order of the Chancellor of the State
of New-Jersey, notice is bareby given, that the CREDIFORS of the Corporation styled THE PRESIDENT, DIRECTORS and COMPANY of the PEOPLE'S BANK of
PATERSON are required to present their claims and demands to the subscribers, Receivers for the Creditors and
Stockholders of said Bank, and to prove the same, if required, to the satisfaction of said Receivers, within six
months from the fifteenth day of November, 1931, or they
will be excluded from the benefit of such dividends as may
hereafter be declared by the Chancellor upon the proceeds
of the effects of said Corporation.

The Receivers are now ready to receive such claims, and
to issue Certificates therefor, at their office in Main st., Peterson, N. J.—Dated November 13, 1831.

C. S. VAN WAGONER,
WILLIAM F. DAY.

n.29 law3m* JACOB VAN ARSDALE,

N PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES WRIGHT, itse of the City of New-York, merchant, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of W. A. Seely, No. 181 Fulton-et, in the City of New-York, on or before the twenty-fourth day of April next.—Dated New-York, the twenty-third day of October, 1851.

ELIZA J. WRIGHT, o25 law6mS

O25 law6mS

Administratrix.

SUPREME COURT.—CHARLES

STORM against ALEXANDER MURRAY, WHITING P. SANCER, ADAM SMITH, and WILLIAM
SMITH—Summons for money desiand on contract. To
the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required
to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed
in the Office of the Clerk of the City and County of NewYork at the City Hall of said City, and to serve a copy of
your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at or
office, No. 54 Walls st., in said city, within twenty days
after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the
day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action
will take judgment against you for the sum of onethousand
dellars, with interest from the seventeenth day of July,
one thousand eight hundred; and fifty-one, besides the costs
of action.—Dated November 11, 1851.

MANN, RODMAN & PIERSON,
The complaint in this action was filed in the Office of the
Clerk of the County of New-York on the 17th inst.

MANN, RODMAN & PIERSON,
December 12, 1851.

Plaintiff's Attorneys.
dis law16w8

December 12, 1851. d13 Iaw10w8

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANNE HAMILTON, late of Northampton, Massachusetts, decassed, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No 41 Laberty-st, in the City of New-York, on or before the eighth day of June next. Dated New-York, the fifth day of December, 1851.

d6 law6m8* MARCUS WILBUR, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the Cuty of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FRANCIS O'NIEL, late of the City of New-York, docessed, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to John G. Gottaberger, Jr., at his store, No. 12 Centre-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the First day of March next, Duted New-York, the twenty-second day of August, 1831.

JOHN G. GOTTSBERGER, Jr., Administrators, JOHN O'NIEL, with the will asset as a second.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BERNARD KERLEY, late of the City of New-York, Grocer, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the buberibers at the residence of James Salmon, No. 125 East Sixtoenth-street, in the City of New-York, on on before the twenty-fifth day of January next.—Dated New-York, the twenty-fifth day of July, 1851.

JAMES SALMON. fifth day of July, 1851.

jy26 lawSmSat* JAMES SALMON, Exceptors.

NVALID FEMALES-Who are desi-

Invalid Females—Who are designed rous of consulting one of their own ser who is perfectly conversant with the various complaints they are subject to, now have the opportunity, as Mrs. DRAKE, the daughter and successor of the late Mrs. Most, the celebrated Physician, has discentiated her monthly visits to the New-England States.

Her residence is at No. 229 GREENE-ST., between Waverley and Clinton-places, where she purposes devoting her time and attention to those requiring her advice and remedies. She can be consulted on all female complaints, nervous affections, acrofulous, acorbutic and cutaneous diseases, bronchad, lung, liver and stomach complaints; cutarth, rheumathin, sciatica, lumbago, hesmorrhoids or piles, worms and all diseases of children, in the treatment of which she has gained so much celebrity previous to visiting and since her return from London.

Her remedies are prepared from the original receipts of her mother (the late Mrs. Mott) from the inspissatic pulses and extracts, essential oils and tinctures of roots, herbagineers, barks, gume and balsams, the efficacies of which have been thoroughly tested in a great many instances daring the long and extensive practice of herself and Mrs. Mott, in New-York and Boston. Consultations free of charge.

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charge.

17 No cases of an immoral character attended to.
17 No cases of an immoral character attended to.
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particulars in answer, and can have medicines carefully
packed and forwarded by express.

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Persons consulting by letter (p st-paid) will receive full particulars in answer, and can have medicines carefully packed and forwarded by express.

SALAMANDER SAFES.—\$100,000

SAVED!—DEEDS BEFORE WORD3!—RICH'S SAFES AGAIN!—No sooner is ore fire ever than another breaks out, and Kiet's Safe plunges boddy into the sea of tire, carrying its cargo rafely through the ocean of fame. On the last fisry ovage, eleven safes of a different build, railed in company with Rich's. The gale was too hot for some of them, and they were reported wrecked a few days afterward. One hull was packed up on Fistcher-st, with its cargo burnt out; some with decks burst up, and were found stranded on No. 214 Pearl-st; the of soothey were packed up on No. 216 Pearl-st; the ribe of anothey were packed up on No. 216 Pearl-st; and ribe of anothey were packed up on No. 216 Pearl-st; was at her fore—"Wilder" at her main—"Starms & Marvin" at her mize. On the fourth day after the gale, succause safely into port, with her cargo of books in good condition. The particulars of her fiery ovage can be seen by perusing the following letter from the owner, Mr. J. G. Gibert:

THE FIRE IN FLETCHER AND PEARL-STR. NEW-YORK. Meests. STRANS & MARVIN, successors to C. RICH & Oc. No. 166 Water-st. New-YORK, Sa urday, Dec 39, 1851.

Meests. STRANS & MARVIN, successors to C. RICH & Oc. No. 166 Water-st. New-YORK, Sa urday, Dec 39, 1851.

Meests. STRANS & MARVIN, successors to C. RICH & Oc. No. 166 Water-st. New-YORK is urday, Dec 39, 1851.

Meests. STRANS & MARVIN, successors to C. RICH & Oc. No. 166 Water-st. New-YORK is urday, Dec 39, 1851.

Meests. Stranss & Marvin, successors to C. RICH & Oc. No. 166 Water-st. New-YORK is urday, Dec 39, 1851.

Meests. Stranss & Marvin, successors to C. RICH & Oc. No. 166 Water-st. New-York is used to save the fire which the fire was consuming my place of business, No. 216 Pearl-st, Is was abaned in the same of the continuation of marker to all all the save processors to a safe and the save processors to Rich & Granss and offic